



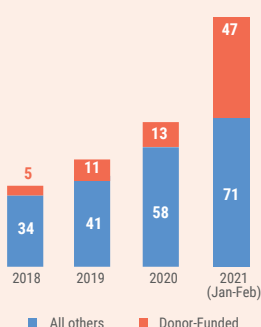
Humsa – Al Bqai'a (Tubas), where 55 Palestinians, including 32 children, were displaced on 1 February 2021. Photo by OCHA.

### HIGHLIGHTS

- 82 structures, including 65 donor-funded, demolished or confiscated in five incidents in Humsa – Al Bqai'a (Tubas).
- 77 humanitarian aid structures, including 47 EU-funded, targeted in February.
- So far in 2021, the targeting of EU-funded aid structures tripled compared with the monthly average in 2020.
- Israeli settlers damaged and stole donor-funded aid.

### STRUCTURES DEMOLISHED/SEIZED

#### Monthly Averages



### FEBRUARY FIGURES

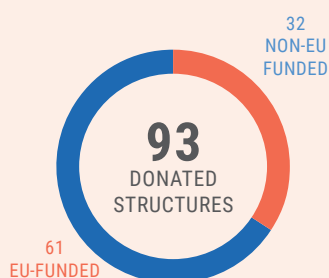
#### STRUCTURES TARGETED

East Jerusalem	15
Area C	136
Area B	2
Area A	0

#### PEOPLE IMPACTED

Displaced	305
Affected	435

### ASSISTANCE DEMOLISHED/SEIZED IN 2021



## OVERVIEW

In February, the Israeli authorities demolished, forced people to demolish, or seized 153 Palestinian-owned structures across the West Bank, including East Jerusalem: this is the fourth [highest such figure](#) recorded in a single month since OCHA began systematically documenting this practice in 2009, surpassed only by November 2020 (178), February (237) and March 2016 (179).

This month's incidents resulted in the displacement of 305 people, including 172 children, and affected the livelihoods or access to services of 435 others. With the exception of two structures in Tura al Gharbiya (Jenin), demolished or damaged on punitive grounds, all the structures targeted were located in Area C or East Jerusalem and were demolished due to a lack of building permits, which are nearly impossible for Palestinians to obtain. So far in 2021, the monthly average of structures targeted (117) represents a 65 per cent increase compared with the monthly average in 2020 (71).

On five separate occasions in February, the herding community of Humsa – Al Bqai'a in the northern Jordan Valley (Tubas) witnessed the confiscation and demolition of 82 structures by the Israeli authorities. Nearly 80 per cent of the targeted structures (65) were provided as humanitarian aid and included homes, WASH and livelihood structures, at a value of at least 43,000 euros. As a result of these five incidents, some 60 people, including 35 children were displaced.

[In a statement issued on 24 February](#) following a visit to Humsa – Al Bqai'a, the Humanitarian Coordinator for the oPt, Lynn Hastings, called on the Israeli authorities to “immediately halt all further demolitions of Palestinian homes and possessions, allow the humanitarian community to provide shelter, food and water to this most vulnerable group and these people to remain in their homes.”

So far in 2021, over 50 per cent of all targeted structures have been located in Bedouin and herding communities in Area C, up from 31 per cent in 2020. These communities are some of the most vulnerable in the West Bank, with limited access to education and health services, and to water, sanitation, and electricity infrastructure.

Nearly 90 per cent of all structures targeted (demolished or seized) in February were seized without prior warning in Area C. This is a significant increase compared with 30 per cent in 2020, 11 per cent in 2017 and eight per cent in 2016. Seizure procedures do not oblige the authorities to provide prior notice, thus preventing affected people from objecting in advance and have been characterized by the Head of the Supervision Unit within the ICA as “a strategic tool”.

So far in 2021, a total of 93 structures provided as humanitarian aid have been demolished or seized by the Israeli authorities, compared with 157 structures in all of 2020. Additionally, in Bruqin (Salfit), Israeli settlers destroyed, uprooted, or stole donor-funded saplings and infrastructure materials for a value of 2,300 euros. A family of seven was affected by the incident.

Fifteen (15) structures were demolished in East Jerusalem: seven were demolished by the Jerusalem Municipality and seven by the owners themselves, following the issuance of a demolition order. The largest incident took place in Al 'Isawiya on 22 February, where the Jerusalem Municipality accompanied by Israeli Forces demolished a residential building comprising four apartments, displacing 19 people, including ten children. The affected families had been paying fines since 2017 for building without a permit and received a final demolition order in July 2020 and a verbal warning the day before the demolition. Clashes erupted during the demolition incident, during which a Palestinian man was injured with a rubber bullet.

On 10 February, the Israeli authorities punitively demolished a home in the village of Tura al Gharbiya (Jenin), in Area B, belonging to a Palestinian man indicted for killing an Israeli woman on 20 December 2020. A family of seven, including four children, was displaced, in addition to a family of four displaced due to collateral damage caused by the demolition.

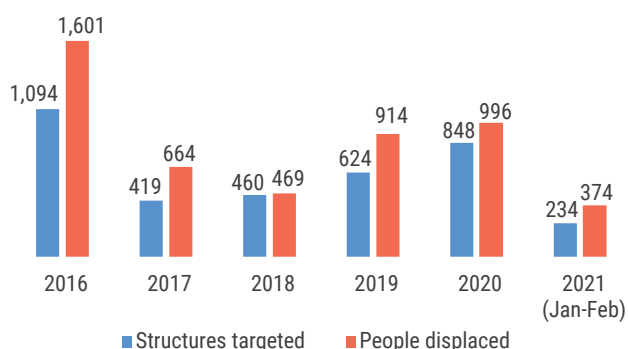
## WEST BANK DEMOLITIONS / SEIZURES / SEALINGS

	Structures demolished	People displaced*		People Affected**	
		All	Children	All	Children
East Jerusalem	15	27	14	46	23
Area C	136	267	154	389	162
Area B	2	11	4	0	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>305</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>435</b>	<b>185</b>

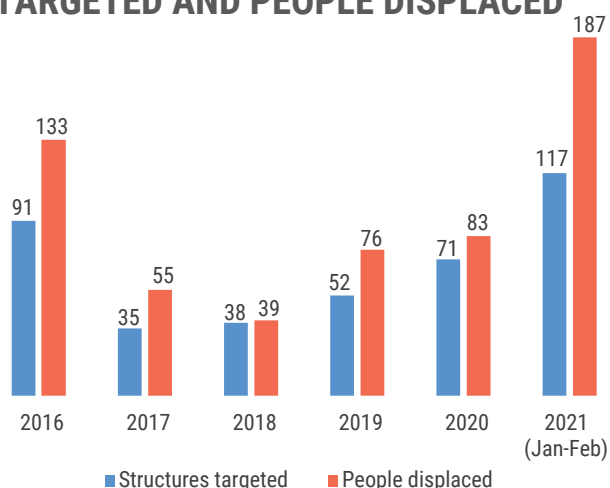
\* Includes all people who had a structure used as their habitual place of residence demolished.

\*\* Includes all people who had any of their property, other than their residence, demolished. Displaced and affected are mutually exclusive categories, i.e. people counted under the former are not included in the latter.

### TOTAL STRUCTURES TARGETED AND PEOPLE DISPLACED



### MONTHLY AVERAGES OF STRUCTURES TARGETED AND PEOPLE DISPLACED



## DEMOLITION/SEIZURE OF DONOR-FUNDED AID STRUCTURES

Date	Community	Governorate	Type of structure	Number of structures	Type of incident	Estimated cost in euros
22-Feb	Humsa – Al Bqai'a	Tubas	Residential tents, livelihood tents, incl. livelihood equipment, unassembled tents*	14	Seizure	<b>14,972</b>
16-Feb	Humsa – Al Bqai'a	Tubas	Agricultural tents, incl. unassembled tents*	2	Seizure	<b>4,115</b>
10-Feb	Al Jiftlik – Ash Shuneh	Jericho	Agricultural ponds	2	Demolition (MO1797)	<b>13,443</b>
10-Feb	Ar Rakeez	Hebron	Residential tents, mobile latrine, small tent	4	Seizure	<b>2,012</b>
10-Feb	Khirbet at Tawamin	Hebron	Mobile latrine	1	Seizure	<b>698</b>
10-Feb	Marj Na'ja	Jericho	Agricultural pond	1	Demolition (MO1797)	<b>N/A</b>
8 February	Khirbet Yarza	Tubas	Residential caravans, mobile latrine	3	Demolition (MO1797)	<b>10,535</b>
8-Feb	Humsa – Al Bqai'a	Tubas	Livelihood tents, residential tents,	13	Seizure	<b>1,899</b>
8-Feb	Ein ar Rashash	Ramallah	Water well	1	Demolition (MO1797)	<b>3,130</b>
3-Feb	Humsa – Al Bqai'a	Tubas	Residential tents, mobile latrine	15	Demolition/Seizure	<b>11,484</b>
1-Feb	Humsa – Al Bqai'a	Tubas	Residential tents, livelihood tents	21	Seizure	<b>19,329</b>
<b>Total</b>				<b>77</b>		<b>81,616</b>

\* These items are not counted as structures in OCHA's tracking system.

## TARGETED DONOR-FUNDED AID STRUCTURES

